## (12) UK Patent Application (19) GB (11) 2 312 591 (13) A

(43) Date of A Publication 29.10.1997

(21) Application No 9608298.7

(22) Date of Filing 22.04.1996

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HO4M 11/08 , HO4H 1/00 , HO4N 1/21

(52) UK CL (Edition O )
H4K KBHX KF42

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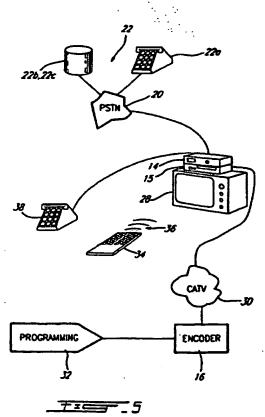
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## (54) Automatically connecting TV viewers to information services

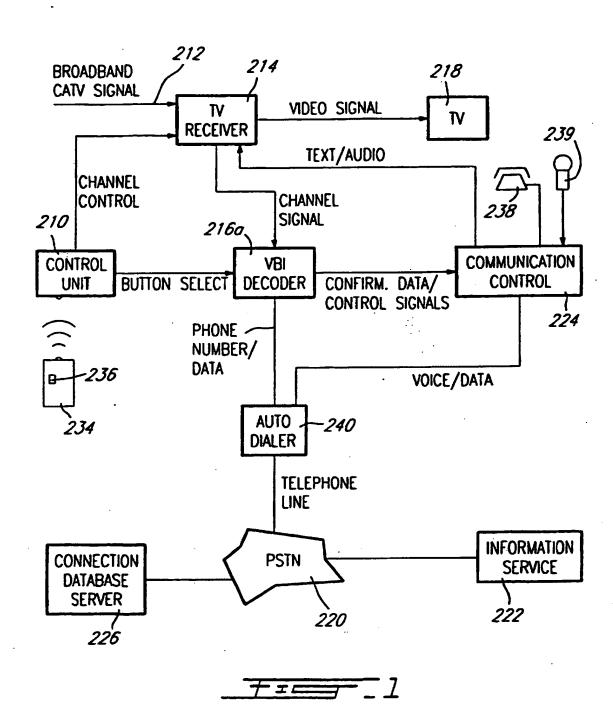
(57) A television viewer is automatically connected over a telephone network 20 to an information service 22 associated with or related to the television program being viewed. A control unit 34 produces a control signal in response to a viewer actuated button. Data encoded in a non-visual part of the television signal is recovered by a decoder 15. The data may relate to the telephone number of the information service 22 or to the identification of the information required from the service 22. An automatic dialer 14 connects to the network 20 and dials a telephone number in response to the viewer actuated button being pressed. The identity of the TV channel being viewed may be sent to the information service 22 so that the service can determine what information the viewer requires. A communication control system relays information between the information service 22 connected to over the telephone network 20 and the viewer. The communication between the information service 22 and the viewer may be voice and/or data communication, with text data being displayed on the viewer's TV screen 28 and the viewer's command inputs being entered from the control unit 34. The viewer may alternatively leave a message at the service 22 instead of retrieving information from it. The invention has application in cable, satellite and broadcast television, the additional information being found on any of a separate data channel, a non-visual part of the signal or a vertical blanking interval.

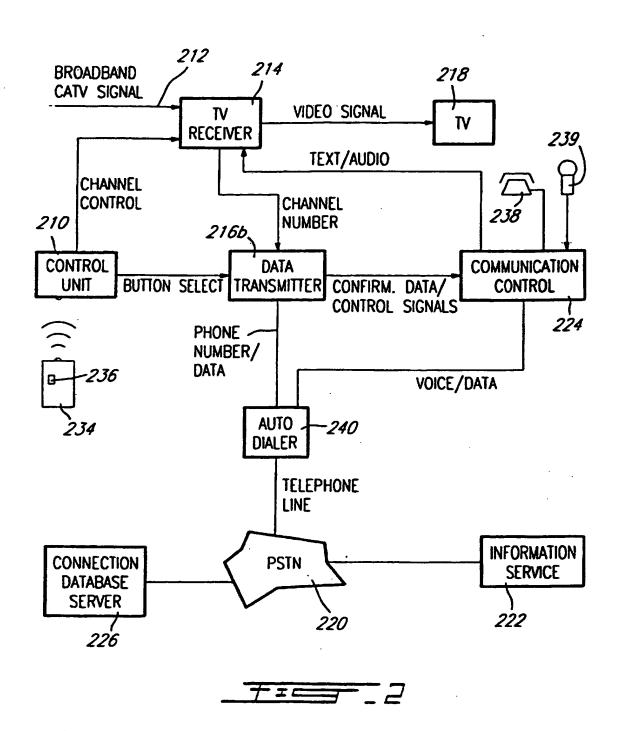


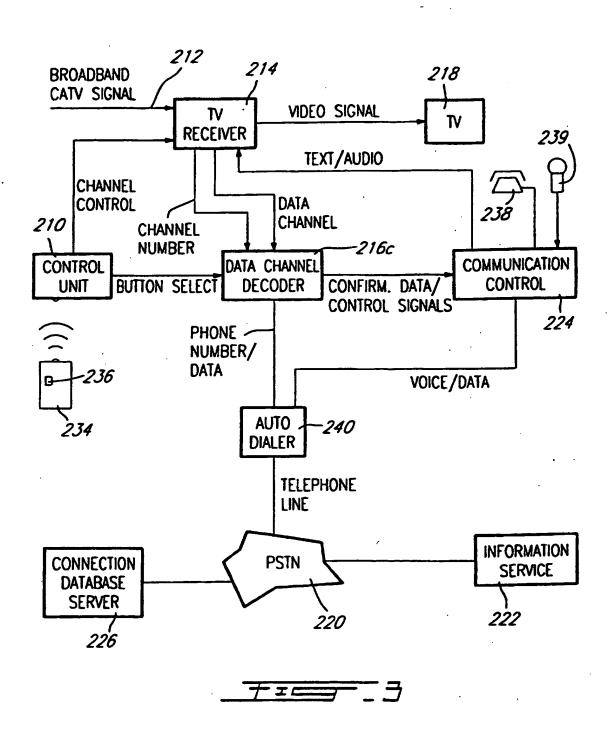
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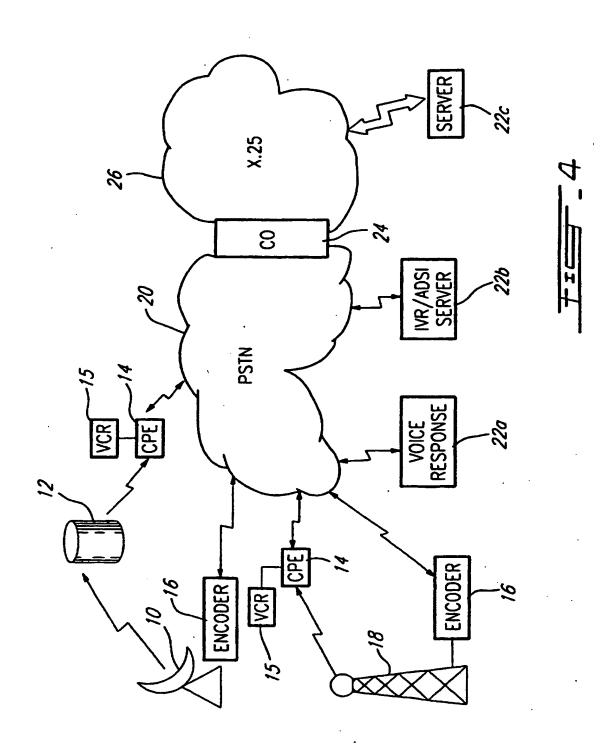
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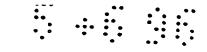
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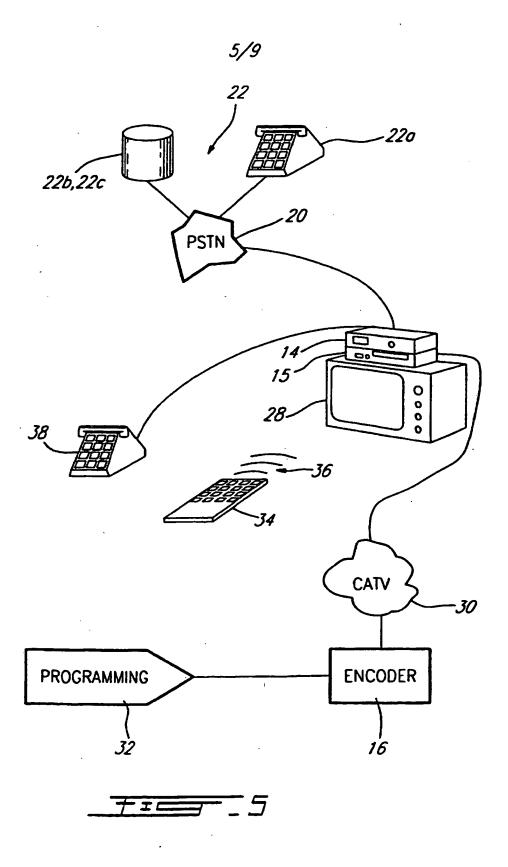




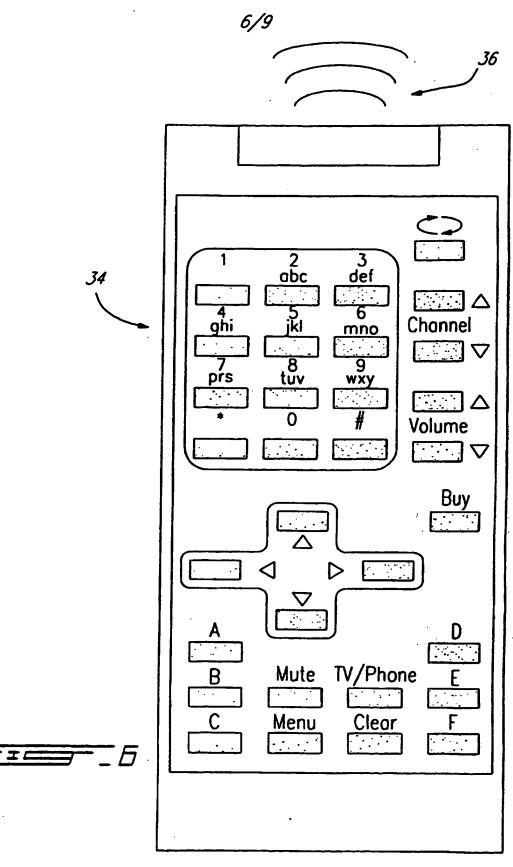


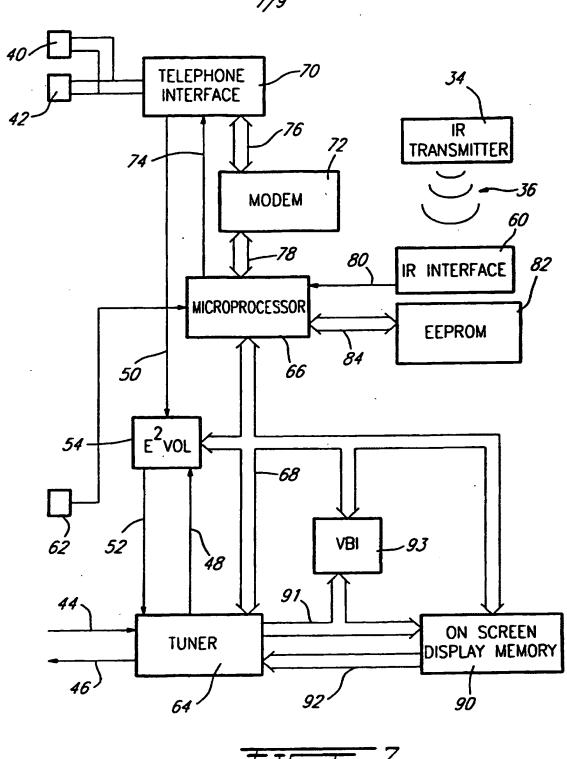


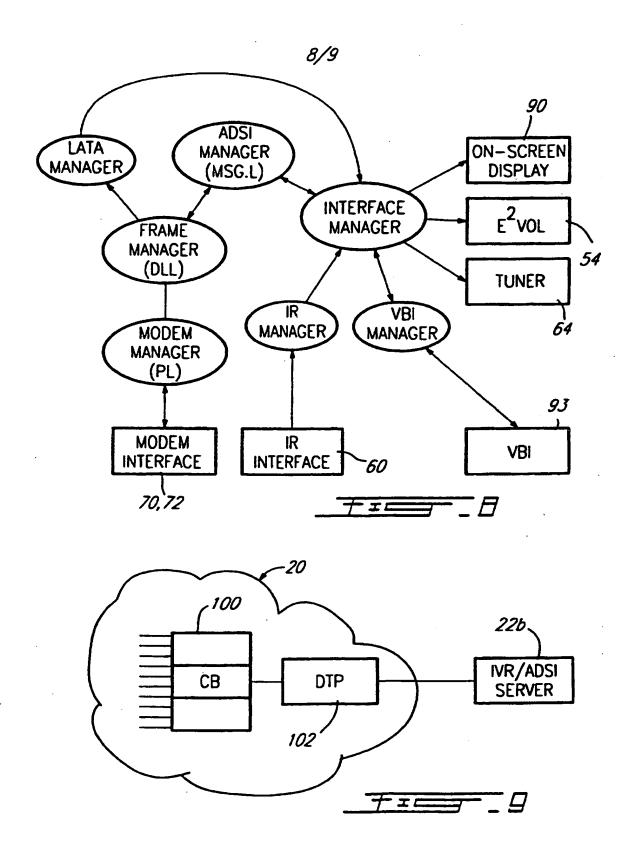


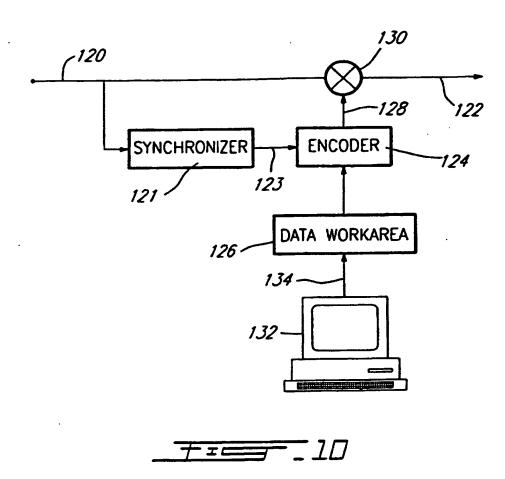


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## APPARATUS FOR INTERCONNECTION OF TV AND INFORMATION SERVICE THROUGH TELEPHONE NETWORK

The present invention relates to automatically connecting a television viewer to an information service over telephone lines in response to a viewer's selection made while viewing a television program.

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Systems have been developed to use television communication as an efficient way to guide viewers to a point where they are ready to establish new communication as a result of the information they have For example, a television seen on the television. displays advertisement commercial or program telephone number during the program and the number can This has been be called for further information. common practice for decades and works well, provided that the television viewer mentally notes or writes down the telephone number and is able to go to a telephone to dial the number and receive the further information or make the necessary inquiry.

In U.S. Patent 5,262,860 (Fitzpatrick et al), a computer is used to analyze a broadcast television video signal to recognize and decode text or numeric data contained within the video frames and establish telephone communication (modem communication) based on a captured telephone number. In U.S. Patent 4,071,697 (Bushnell et al), an interactive home shopping system is disclosed in which blocks of digital information This signal. in RF the encoded information describes the character set so that when it is decoded, text may be recovered. Each block of The blocks digital information has a unique address. of digital information relate to specific products and the signal broadcast on a television channel is not a video program that can be watched for entertainment or U.S. Patent 4,456,925 (Skerlos educational purposes. describes a television system having al) integrated telephone with automatic dialing and a memory bank of telephone numbers.

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It is an object of the present invention to provide a system which allows a television viewer to be quickly and easily connected to an information 10 The information service while watching a program. used to connect the viewer over telephone lines can come from different sources and does not interfere The information with regular video program viewing. service may be for product information for retail 15 sales.

The connection to the information service can be by regular audio telephone communication or by data communication to a digital data server, or a mixture of both.

According to the invention, there is provided an apparatus for automatically connecting a television viewer to an information service via a telephone a control unit for producing a network, comprising: control signal, the control unit having a viewer actuated button; decoder means adapted to be connected to a tuned channel of a TV receiver receiving a television signal to be viewed by the viewer for continuously detecting and recovering data encoded in a non-visual part of the television signal; automatic 30 dialing means for automatically connecting to the network and dialing a telephone number, the telephone the recovered data; being based on number communication means for relaying information between the service and the viewer when connected to the 35 network.

The non-visual part of the television signal is preferably the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of the NTSC signal. Preferably, the recovered data is encoded when received and is decoded and verified to assure that the recovered data is a bona fide telephone number for dialing by the automatic dialing means.

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invention, there According to the provided an apparatus for automatically connecting a television viewer to an information service via a a control unit for telephone network, comprising: producing a control signal, the control unit having at one viewer actuated button; decoder adapted to be connected to a tuned channel of a TV receiver receiving a television signal to be viewed by the viewer for continuously detecting and recovering data encoded in a non-visual part of the television signal; automatic dialing means for automatically connecting to the network and dialing a predetermined telephone number, the predetermined number being for a data server; data transmission means for sending data based on the recovered data over the telephone network determining server the server. to the information service should be connected to over the network based on the data sent, and for establishing further communication with the information service; communication means for relaying information between the further during service and the viewer communication.

The data transmission means may comprise a modem for sending data to the connection data data base server to obtain the right telephone number for the information service. The data transmission means when connected to the data server can send information about the channel which was being viewed when the viewer pressed the viewer actuated button for information and how many seconds ago it was when the

user pressed the button, and based on such information, the data server can determine the precise telephone number which the viewer wishes to call to be connected to the right information service.

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The invention further provides an apparatus for automatically connecting a television viewer to an telephone via а information service comprising: a control unit for producing a control signal, the control unit having at least one viewer actuated button; means adapted to be connected to a TV receiver receiving a television signal for detecting a program channel viewed by the viewer; data channel tuning means for tuning to a data channel of the television signal and for detecting and recovering data encoded in a signal of the data channel, said data corresponding to said channel viewed; automatic dialing means for automatically connecting to the network and dialing a telephone number, the telephone data: the recovered being based on number communication means for relaying information between the service and the viewer when connected to the network.

channel preferably channel is data The dedicated to transmitting digital information and may be a channel tunable by the TV receiver and is The data channel preferably broadcast over cable. decoder could have its own tuner and be permanently connected to receive the data channel and decoded information, or the TV receiver can quickly change channels to the data channel for an instant when the control unit recognizes that the viewer actuated button is pressed, and the TV receiver can provide the data channel decoder with the channel number being decoder extracts The data channel viewed. information relevant to the channel being viewed at the particular point in time when the button is and makes this decoded telephone pressed

available to the automatic dialing means. Preferably, the data extracted from the data channel includes text about the selection made by the viewer, the displays on means communication television screen a confirmation question to confirm that the viewer wants to be connected to the selected In response to confirmation by information service. the viewer, the communication means causes the number to be dialed by the automatic dialing means and then further relays information between the information service and the viewer when connected through the telephone network.

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The invention will be better understood by way of the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments with reference to the appended drawings in which:

Figures 1, 2 and 3 are block diagrams of the 20 preferred embodiment and the second and third embodiments respectively;

Figure 4 is a functional block diagram of the major system components of the invention;

Figure 5 is a block diagram of typical subscriber 25 premise equipment showing interconnection with the television and telephone systems;

Figure 6 is a detailed plan view of a subscriber hand held remote control device;

Figure 7 is a functional block diagram of the 30 major components of the customer premise equipment used to practice the invention;

Figure 8 is a high-level data flow diagram of the process which operates the customer premise apparatus;

Figure 9 is a functional block diagram of typical elements of a response center; and

Figure 10 is a functional block diagram of the major elements of a television signal encoder of the present invention.

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present understanding the of ease of FOI invention, the user control unit 210, the TV receiver or tuner 214, the TV signal decoder 216a, b or c, the auto dialer 240, and the communication control means 10 interconnected separate as are illustrated 224 components, whereas in the described embodiments of invention, they would be physically present mounted within a single housing in a TV set top box known as customer premises equipment (CPE). is plugged into the cable TV coax cable 212, the telephone network 220 and the television unit 218. A remote control unit 234 is provided which communicates to the control unit 210 by infrared signaling. CPE typically comprises an inexpensive microprocessor 20 with minimal memory and its control program stored in non-volatile memory.

The control unit 210 receives the viewer commands from the remote control 234 for the purposes of controlling channel selection, on/off and possibly volume control. In accordance with the invention, there is provided an inquire button 236 which signals to the CPE that the viewer wishes to obtain information regarding what is being viewed on his or her TV screen 218.

In the preferred embodiment illustrated in Figure 1, when the inquire button 236 is pressed, the TV signal decoder 216a proceeds to send decoded digital information from the VBI of the television signal being viewed to control means 224. Digital information is continuously retrieved from the VBI and stored in memory. In the preferred embodiment, the

communication means 224 places on TV screen 218 text prompting the viewer to confirm the inquire selection. The prompt contains specific text which was recovered For example, if the program being from the VBI. viewed is a travelogue on Portugal, the-recovered data may include a toll-free number for a travel service dedicated to planning holidays in Portugal, and the recovered data may include text for the words "your vacation in Portugal" such that the text message displayed on TV 218 may read "Inquire about your 10 vacation in Portugal?". The text may be superimposed on the TV program being viewed or replace the viewed At this point, if the control unit receives a cancel or confirmation button press, the result is communicated through the unit 216 to the means 224. 15 If the inquire function is confirmed, means signal the telephone number to be called to the auto dialer 240 in order that the information service 222 may be contacted over the telephone network 220. communication means 224 then relays the information 20 from the information service 222 to the viewer. the information service 222 is a voice information service, the voice call may be handled either using speakers 238, the handset or telephone television 218 may be used to communicate sound from 25 the information service while a microphone 239 in the CPE is used to pick up the viewer's voice and relay it over the telephone network 220 to the information If the information service 222 is a data service 222. communication means information service, the 30 includes a modem circuit and a graphics character display circuit for displaying on TV 218 information obtained from the information service while accepting control commands from remote control 234 for relaying to the information service in order to provide a menu 35 driven text communication system.

when the information recovered from the VBI is complete as to the telephone number to be dialed, the system may operate from a recorded television signal source, such as from a video cassette recorder (VCR), or from broadcast video (either by satellite or by ground station). In this case, the signal-being passed through the receiver 214 originates from a source other than CA TV cable 212 as shown.

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When the amount of data regarding the information service associated with the program being viewed is 10 efficiently be than what can desirably greater transmitted in the VBI, the data encoded in the VBI identifying number serial small be information service and program, instead of the actual description and telephone number data. In this case, 15 depressed, is button 236 inquire the when predetermined local telephone number of a connection data base server 226 is dialed by the auto dialer 240. When connected, the serial identification number from the VBI is sent by means 216a to server 226 either by 20 The server 226 then DTMF tones or by modem signal. returns data relating to the proper telephone number to be dialed and, optionally, data relating to the identification of the information service 222 which has been identified by the serial number. 25 The to means is passed on optional data communication means 224 then prompt the viewer to confirm connection to the information service. response is positive, the PSTN number is given to the auto dialer 240 so that the number of the information 30 service 222 may be dialed and then the communication the over communication between takes 224 information service 222 and the viewer, as discussed above.

In this embodiment, it is possible that the connection data base server be integrated within the switch at the PSTN 220 whereby the connection between

the communication means 224 and the network 220 is maintained until the communication means 224 signal to the network 220 whether or not communication with the information service is desired. If this is confirmed, the switch in network 220 automatically connects communication means 224 to the desired information service 222. In this latter case, the connection data base service need not return the actual PSTN number to the communication means, and of course, it would be possible to connect the viewer to the information service without any confirmation.

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In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 2, the connection data base server 226 is provided with moreinformation regarding the programming viewed on the channels carried by the cable TV service. When the inquire .button 236. the presses viewer transmitter 216b signals auto dialer 240 to dial the predetermined PSTN number of the server 226 sending to it the channel number and the time when the inquire The connection data base 226 button was pressed. determines from its up-to-date, accurate schedule of programming which information service was associated with the channel when it was being viewed and returns appropriate 224 the the communication means telephone number and any associated identification At this point, the communication means 224 confirms with the viewer whether he or she wishes to contact the information service in question while the auto dialer is caused to hang up its connection to If the viewer responds to the prompt network 220. positively, the auto dialer 240 is caused to dial the information service the number of communication means 224 takes over communication as In this embodiment, the connection indicated above. owned is preferably base server 226 maintained by the cable TV service given that it must about the information accurate contain very

programming carried by the various channels on cable 212.

In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 3, the information concerning the number of the information service and associated identification data relating to the information service is not carried in a non-visual part of the television signal or contained in a remote data base, but rather, a dedicated channel on cable 212 carries the data relating to the information service associated with the program being viewed on 10 In the embodiment shown, the various channels. pressing the inquire button 236 causes the control unit 210 to signal to the receiver 214 to switch to the data channel and provide a data channel decoder 216c with the information carried on the data channel 15 as well as the channel number which was being viewed. Within a brief period of time (less than 2 seconds), the data channel decoder recovers the information for all channels and selects the information pertinent to the channel being viewed. During this brief interval, 20 a blank screen is presented to TV 218 by the receiver The receiver 214 then returns to the channel 214. The recovered data is sent to the being viewed. communication means 224 which provides the query text When the viewer confirms to the viewer. 25 connection to the information service is desired, the PSTN number of the information service is dialed by the auto dialer 240 and the communication means 224 is 222. The the information service connected to communication means 224 then assumes the role of 30 and relaying information between the viewer information as described above.

In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 3, there is only one data channel associated with all viewable video program channels and the data channel decoder is provided with the number of the television channel being viewed. It would alternatively be possible to

provide a data channel on the cable 212 to associated with each video program channel able to be In which associated with an information service. tune to would 214 TV receiver the appropriate data channel and provide the data channel decoder 216c with the right data channel and the data channel decoder would merely extract the telephone number and any text data on the data channel. data channel could be of a bandwidth narrower than a bandwidth of a conventional cable TV channel. furthermore possible to tune to such a data channel by interrupting using a separate tuner without program being viewed on TV 218.

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As can be appreciated, the communication control means 224 can be used to place audio from the 15 information service onto the speakers of TV 218 by inserting the audio into the video signal audio track If the handset 238 is within TV receiver means 214. and the TV 218 audio path to picked up, this microphone 39 may be disconnected in favor of more 20 private communication using handset 238. In the embodiment of Figure 1, data is continuously removed from the vertical blanking interval. Since the amount the vertical of data that may be inserted into interval in a brief period of time blanking 25 limited, it may take a few seconds for the appropriate removed from the be data to quantity of regarding **VBI** the as. data on Accordingly, information service is recovered, it is stored in memory within the decoder 216a. Preferably, this data 30 is sent a little in advance such that at the moment in reminded is viewer when the program additional information may be obtained from a remote information service, data has already been recovered and can be immediately applied if the inquire button 35 If the viewer changes channels, new VBI is pressed. data from the new channel automatically replaces the

old recovered data. As long as one is viewing a program long enough to recognize what a product is or what an information service may be able to provide, the appropriate recovered data from the VBI should be available in the memory of decoder 216a to permit connection to the information service.

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An aspect of importance to this system is for the VBI decoder 216a to be able to recognize a valid telephone number in the VBI. For example, decoder 216a may decode data within the VBI according to a particular encryption protocol such that only information service data authorized by the cable company is properly decoded and made available for use.

According to a further aspect of the present 15 invention, a code may be sent in the VBI following complete transmission of information service data for with viewer the providing ofpurposes the connection to automatic that indication When the code is information service is available. 20 received in decoder 216a, a control signal is sent to means 224 to indicate to the viewer that the inquire function is operational and that the viewer may be quickly and automatically connected by pressing the The indication to the viewer may be inquire button. 25 provided by presenting, for a short period of time, a graphic symbol or some text signaling that recovered information is available for use. automatic display or prompting feature may be one which the viewer can disable using remote control 234. 30

The communication means 224 and the information service 222 have been described above as being for voice or data. The communication between the viewer and the information service may, of course, be a mixture of both, for example, it may involve an initial data communication whereby the viewer selects from one or more menus specific options about the

information desired. An option may be within the menu system to speak with an operator as a matter of preference or for the purposes of obtaining information not available from the menus.

While the invention has been described up to now with the auto dialer 240 as a separate unit from data transmission components of units 216 and 224, it can be understood that a conventional modem unit comprising an auto dialer circuit would combine data transmission functions and auto dialing functions in one physical device.

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Referring now to Figure 4, which is a functional block diagram of the major system components of the invention there is shown the television broadcast portion of the system which can take any suitable 15 method employed to distribute television signals. way of example, two broadcast methods are depicted, the first being a national broadcast emanating from a TV earth station 10 which communicates the television programming to a satellite 12 for relay back 20 throughout the shown) receivers (not satellite radiation foot print of the satellite 12. The satellite broadcast TV signal is provided with system data that is encoded into the vertical blanking interval (VBI) of the television signal by means of a 25 television signal 16. The encoder **VBI** 525 line or 625 represented by either the broadcasts commonly available today referred to in the (being the television television industry as NTSC signal commonly transmitted using 525 lines in areas 30 where 60 Hz electrical power is used such as North America) or PAL SECAM (being the television signal commonly transmitted using 625 lines in areas where 50 Europe). is used such power electrical Similarly, the system of the present invention can be 35 digital ' contemplated HDTV currently applied to television signals and the various digital coding

schemes such as MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 by providing the data encoding as a data burst in the digital data stream with a suitable header to permit recovery of the data.

The satellite broadcast TV signal may be received 5 by:

receivers provided at the customer premises for direct reception by the person viewing the television programming or

a cable television system that will re-transmit

10 the satellite broadcast TV signal to the subscribers of
the cable system or

a local broadcast station that will re-transmit the satellite broadcast TV signal of views in the receiving area of the local television station.

In all cases, the system data for operation of the present system, which is encoded in the vertical blanking interval of the satellite broadcast TV signal, will arrive at the customer premises intact. The system data is recovered by each member of the television audience (subscriber) by the customer premises equipment (CPE) 14.

A second method of television broadcast is shown, namely, a local broadcast radiating from a TV broadcast tower 18 to subscribers in the receiving area. The local broadcast television station is again provided with an encoder 16 to encode system information in the VBI of the broadcast signal that is recovered by each subscriber having a CPE 14 for recovery of the system data.

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Common in households today, the television programming being received may be recorded on a video cassette recorder (VCR) 15 for later playback and viewing by the subscriber. The data encoding including data rate and encoding method of the present system are selected to be recorded by the VCR to enable the data to be recovered by the CPE when the pre-recorded programming is played back on a subscriber's VCR.

The subscriber initiates interaction with the system of the invention by depressing a key on the hand held wireless remote control 34 of Figure 6 as will be explained in more detail subsequently and the result of the subscriber interaction with the system is to cause a telephone call to be placed outbound from the subscriber premises by the CPE 14 which telephone call is processed by the public switched telephone network (PSTN) 20 and is directed to a system call response center 22. Three examples of which 22a, 22b, and 22c are shown in Figure 4.

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The telephone call can be to a voice response center 22a that allows the subscriber to talk to a person at or leave a message with the response center. Alternately, the subscriber can interact with a data 15 service provided by the response center. Two examples of configurations of a data service response center are shown in Figure 4. As one example, the subscriber can place a telephone call to a response center that has computers attached to the PSTN 20 which interact with 20 the Analog Display Services the subscriber using Interface (ADSI) which is a public data communications standard for PSTN's that has been defined by BELLCORE Equipment Premises Customer (SR-INS-002461. Compatibility Considerations for the Analog Display 25 Service Interface, Issue 1, Bellcore, December 1992. See also TR-NWT-000030, Voice band Data Transmission Interface Generic Requirements, Issue 2, October 1992). A response center of this type is shown Output back to in Figure 4 as an IVR/ADSI SERVER 22b. 30 the subscriber from the server 22b can be in the form is displayed on the subscriber's which text television set or may be in the form of audio output is heard over the subscribers television set In the case of the (interactive voice response IVR). 35 audio output, the subscriber interacts with the voice response server by depressing buttons on the control

device 34 (of Figures 5 and 6). Alternately, depending on the service configuration selected by the service provider, the subscriber's call can be placed over the PSTN 20 through the telephone operating company's central office (CO) 24 which will route the call through the public X.25 packet data network 26 to an information and data service indicated as a SERVER 22c. The content of the data communications is completely defined by the service provider and may include text, dual tone multi-frequency (DTMF) tones or other suitable data communications interactions.

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Referring now to Figure 5 which shows typical subscriber premise equipment used in accordance with the invention, the subscriber's first point of contact with output from the system is by viewing of television 15 programming on the subscriber's television set 28. programming arrives at the subscriber premises, shown by way of example, over the cable television network (CATV) system 30. The originating programming on the television broadcast is encoded using the encoder 16 20 which provides the data that will be decoded at the subscriber premises on the customer premise equipment (CPE) 14 and may be shown on television programming being viewed by the subscriber on the television set 28. As may be appreciated from the description of the 25 subject system with reference to Figure 4, the CATV system 30 is shown by way of example only. subscriber could be receiving the TV programming as a local broadcast or via a satellite transmission. all type of reception of television programming by the 30 subscriber, the present system is adapted to carry the information encoded on the TV broadcast by encoder 16 to the customer premise equipment 14 located at the subscriber premises.

35 The originating television programming is generally depicted by reference numeral 32 and includes both live broadcasts and pre-recorded broadcasts of

audio-visual entertainment as well as advertising spots and all manner of television broadcast programming that The encoding originates from a television broadcaster. of the data in the television signal broadcast in accordance with the present invention\_is\_encoded in such a manner and at such a data rate as to permit the data so encoded to be recorded on a consumer video cassette recorder (VCR) 15 whereby a television program recorded by the subscriber for viewing at another time by playback on a VCR still contains all of the data and 10 encoding of the system in accordance with the original broadcast without the need or requirement for any type attachment change, modification or other enhancement to standard consumer VCR equipment.

is invention present the of system 15 particularly adapted to provide dial-out coding in the vertical blanking interval of the television signal by means of encoder 16 at the time of broadcast (or as studio) broadcaster's the previously recorded at whereby the dial-out information is received by the 20 equipment premise subscriber customer communication session over the PSTN 20 may initiated by the subscriber when viewing the television programming, so encoded, on the television set 28 by depressing appropriate keys, shown by way of example as the "Buy" 25 key on the wireless remote control 34. The wireless remote control signals user interaction to the customer premise equipment 14 by means of a control signal 36. Suitable control signals include radio, ultrasound and premise customer The infra-red control signals. 30 equipment will receive the control signal respond to it in the manner described in more detail subscriber to response typical · A interaction would be to place a telephone call over the PSTN 20 to the corresponding response center shown 35 generally by reference numeral 22.

There are primarily 2 types of interaction that can take place between the subscriber and the response center 22. In a voice type of interaction, the dialing over the PSTN by the customer premise equipment is done to establish the communications link between the 5 subscriber and the voice response center 22a. The subscriber communicates with the voice response center 22a using the telephone hand-set 38 located at the In this use of the system, the subscriber premises. dialing information encoded in the vertical blanking 10 interval of the television signal is used simply to establish a communications link and simplify in the communications setup. Such tedious step target include the typically would information telephone number and some type of product or service 15 identifier relating the nature of the product The customer advertised. service being equipment would place a call into the telephone network 20 using the dial number information decoded from the television signal and, as the call will be a voice 20 based call, the product information contained in the television signal may or may not be transmitted to the target response center depending on the nature of the call processing equipment (typically referred to as automatic call distribution or ACD systems in the 25 trade) in place at the response center.

Alternately, the interaction established between the subscriber and the response center 22 could be a data communications type of dialog and there are several eptions in the type of communications protocol that the response center can have for connection to a data network to carry out the data communications with the subscriber. There are shown two examples of typical response center configurations 22b or 22c that can be used to advantage in the present system. In all cases though, the communication from the response

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center to the subscriber is data or audio (i.e. prerecorded or interactive voice) based.

where the communication from the response center is data based, the data is interpreted by the customer premise equipment 14 and displayed for the subscriber to read on his television set 28.

where the communication from the response center is audio, the audio communication is played back for the subscriber to hear over the speaker system of the subscriber's television set. Subscriber communication to the response center will occur when the subscriber depresses keys on the wireless remote control 34 and will normally be data based using the DTMF encoding of the ADSI standard referred to with reference to Figure 4. Examples of the interaction between the subscriber and the response center will be exemplified in more detail with reference to subsequent drawings.

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Referring now to Figure 6 which illustrates a detailed plan view of a subscriber hand held wireless remote control device in accordance with the system of 20 the control device the present invention, preferably a hand held remote device which produces a control signal 36 that the CPE unit 14 is responsive The control device could be integral to the CPE or a separate hand held remote device attached to the CPE 25 14 by a wire adapted to carry the control signal Having considered the variations possible thereover. for the control device 14, it is preferable to have a control device which is not connected to the CPE by being physically integral thereto or connected by 30 wires, but rather communicates user selection of the command buttons shown in detail in Figure 6 by means of The wireless control a wireless control signal 36. signal in the embodiment shown is an infrared light light emitting diodes of emitted out 35 beam specifically shown) contained within the hand held This manner of wireless control of consumer unit.

electronic items such as stereos and TVs—is common and quite well known in the art. Each labeled button on the control device 34 causes a control signal 36 to be emitted that will be received by the CPE unit 14 and acted on by:

initiating data dialog on or interaction—with the telephone service shown in the table below—under the "Active" column as phone; or

activating a display on the TV 28 or operating on the audio sound coming out of the TV 28 shown in the table below under the "Active" column as TV.

Depressing the buttons of the control will produce a responding function in the CPE unit 14 described in summary in the following table.

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| Name    | Function  | Active     |
|---------|---|------------|
| 1       | Output representation of character one                              | TV & phone |
| 2abc    | Output representation of character two                              | TV & phone |
| 3def    | Output representation of character three                            | TV & phone |
| 4ghi    | Output representation of character four                             | TV & phone |
| 5jkl    | Output representation of character five                             | TV & phone |
| 6mno    | Output representation of character six                              | TV & phone |
| 7prs    | Output representation of character seven                            | TV & phone |
| 8tuv    | Output representation of  | TV & phone |
| 9wxy    | Output representation of character nine                             | TV & phone |
| 0       | Output representation of character zero                             | TV & phone |
| *       | Output representation of character asterisk                         | Phone      |
| #       | Output representation of character octothorp                        | Phone      |
|         | Change channel to previously viewed channel, display channel number | TV         |
| Channel | Increment the channel, display channel number                       | TV         |
| Channel | Decrement the channel, display channel number                       | TV         |

| Volume       | Increase volume, display volume_graph                           | TV & Phone  |
|--------------|---|-------------|
| Volume       | Decrease volume, display volume graph                           | TV & Phone  |
| Buy          | Initiate purchase transaction                                   | TV & Phone  |
| Mute.        | Turn off sound, display "MITE"                                  | TV & Phone  |
| TV/Phon<br>e | Toggle display and audio  | TV <> Phone |
| Menu         | Toggle display between TV                                       | TV          |
| Clear        | Clears display of all telephony text                            | TV & Phone  |
| A            | Output representation of first soft key                         | Phone       |
| В            | Output representation of second soft key                        | Phone       |
| С            | Output representation of third soft key                         | Phone       |
| D            | Output representation of fourth soft key                        | Phone       |
| E            | Output representation of fifth soft key                         | Phone       |
| F            | Output representation of sixth soft key                         | Phone       |
|              | Scroll active line down screen display to Null line or Bottom   | Phone       |
| V            | Scroll active line up screen display to Null line or Top        | Phone       |
| >            | Replace primary column text display with secondary text display | Phone       |
| <            | Replace secondary column text display with primary text display | Phone       |

Table 1

By depressing the buy button, the subscriber initiates a purchase transaction using the system of the present invention. Where the subscriber is viewing a television broadcast that has response center data contained in the television broadcast, the system will respond by placing an outbound call to the response center targeted in the broadcast. The response center targeting may be by the encoded television broadcast having the target telephone number itself coded in the

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broadcast which the customer premise equipment will have decoded and a call will be placed to that telephone number. Alternately, the broadcast may provide response center identifying information which will cause the customer premise equipment to place a call to a predetermined number, such as a registration database whereupon the database service will place the actual telephone call to the response center and provide a direct connection to the subscriber or collect the information from the subscriber for passing it along to the goods and service vendor in a batch.

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Referring now to Figure 7, we are shown a detailed functional block diagram of the major components of the customer premise equipment (CPE) 14. The unit is provided with several external inputs and outputs which are as follows.

Telephone outlets, such as RJ11 or RJ45 jacks, are telephone interconnection with the provided A first telephone outlet 40 is provided for network. interconnection of the unit with the public switched 20 telephone network 20 (of Figure 7) and a second telephone outlet 42 is also provided on the unit for the convenience of the subscriber who may use outlet 42 to attach a telephone handset 38 (of Figure 5) to the unit if desired. The customer premise unit is further 25 input signal a television provided with the to Output programming. TV of reception accomplished is set television subscriber's providing a TV outlet 46 which is modulated to Channel 2, Channel 3 or Channel 4 depending on the setting the 30 subscriber makes to the channel preference switch 62. The modulated channel output provided on TV outlet 46 includes both visual and audio outputs that will appear on the television screen and over the TV speakers in the customary fashion for broadcast television signals. 35 The audio output to the television through outlet 46 can be taken from either the audio delivered with the

selected channel being viewed or the audio user received from the telephone network 20.

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The CPE unit is provided with a television tuner 64 which provides a separated audio output over line 48 and a base band video signal output over line 91. audio signal and video signal placed on the respective lines are the signals received by the tuner on the cable broadcast channel selected by the user The audio signal is delivered to an audio viewing. control unit 54 which contains an analog switch and (E2Vol)\_ electrically erasable volume control audio control unit 54 is provided with 2 audio inputs, one connected to the TV audio line 48, the other connected to telephone audio line 50 which delivers audio signals received by the CPE unit from the The analog switch of the audio telephone network. control 54 is set, in accordance with instructions received from the microprocessor 66 over the processor peripheral control bus 68, to select the audio signal received over the telephone audio line 50 or the TV The selected audio signal is then audio line 48. scaled by the electrically erasable volume control (E2Vol) to a user set amplitude (which may be varied by the user in accordance again with the control commands received by the E2Vol over the processor peripheral 25 The scaled audio signal is then control bus 68). delivered to the tuner 64 over the output audio line Within the tuner 64 the audio signal received on the output audio line 52 is modulated into the video signal delivered to the subscriber's television through 30 A suitable tuner line 46. TV output incorporation into the CPE unit is manufactured by Sharp and is available under part number RFS07US3.

The base band video signal tuned by tuner 64 is placed on line 91 where it is distributed to the VBI 35 decoder 93 and the On Screen Display Memory 90.

The CPE unit is also provided with a control signal receiver 60 which is used to receive commands from the subscriber as encoded on the control signal 36 detected by the control signal receiver 60. preferred embodiment, infra red signaling is used as a providing method of available readily reliable. wireless communication between the hand held wireless remote control device 34 and the CPE unit. received signaling is converted to digital electrical signaling that is communicated to the microprocessor over the digital subscriber control line 80. A suitable device for implementing the functions of a control signal receiver is the IR receiver manufactured by Sharp under part number GP1U7ZQ.

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Telephone interface 70 processes the telephone 15 signaling present on the telephone input 40 or 42 which is used for all manner of communication between the CPE unit and the public switched telephone network. interface 70 can go on-hook, off-hook, detect ringing necessary the generally provide all 20 monitoring, filtering, isolation, protection and signal conversion functions for connection of high performance modems to the public switched telephone network. suitable telephone interface is manufactured by Silicon In addition the Systems under part SSI 73M9001. 25 telephone interface is also provided with an audio output port which is connected to telephone audio line 50 and is used to deliver voice band signaling, typically voice response audio, to the tuner The on-hook, off-hook, ringdescribed previously. 30 detect etc. state of the telephone line is communicated to the microprocessor over the telephone control line 74 thereby enabling the microprocessor to exercise control over the telephone signaling originating from or terminating at the CPE unit. Data communications 35 are exchanged between the modem 72 and the telephone interface 70 over the analog data bus 76. The function

of the modem 72 is to convert the digital data needed by the microprocessor 66 to the voice band analog data the public switched needed for transmission over A suitable modem for use in the telephone network. present system is manufactured by Silicon Systems under part number SSI 73K312L. Data transmitted or received by the modem 72 are communicated to the microprocessor over the digital telephone data bus 78.

Microprocessor 66 obtains program and certain messages and interactive text by communication with an 10 electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM) 82 via the EEPROM addressing and data bus 84. The control program operating the microprocessor will be explained in greater detail in relation to Figure 8. 15 The microprocessor itself will contain read only memory (ROM) for storage of frequently used portions of the control program detailed in Figure 8 and random access. memory (RAM) for storage of changing information such as volume levels etc. for use in its operation. selecting an external memory 82 microprocessor 66 pair 20 for use in the system, it is preferable that as little addressing and data traffic as possible appear on the bus 84 to minimize unwanted interference being produced in the video signaling delivered by the CPE unit out of It is advantageous to use the 87C552 25 TV outlet 46. microprocessor manufactured by, for example Phillips Semiconductors under the Signetics product line which is provided with 8 kilobytes of ROM and of 256 bytes of RAM.

The 'CPE unit is also provided with an On Screen Display 90 having a base band input port connected to the base band video line 91 and a memory that provides a text storage area accessible by the microprocessor 66 for use as a scratch pad area for placing text and graphics that are to be displayed on the subscriber's 35 television set 20. Text or graphics to be displayed are placed on the processor peripheral controller bus

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The microprocessor determines when the conditions are met to display the On Screen Display 90 contents on the television set and directs the on screen display memory 90 to overlay or replace the television programming emitted from the tuner over base band video line 91 with the data obtained from the On Screen Display 90 as provided to the tuner over the display memory base band video output line 92. An on screen display memory unit that may be advantageously used in the apparatus described herein is manufactured by NEC under part number PD6450.

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The VBI decoder 93 of the CPE continually monitors the vertical blanking interval of the television signal tuned by the subscriber by having its base band video 15 input port connected to the base band video line 91 output from the tuner 64. By standard and convention, vertical blanking interval of the television broadcast is represented by horizontal scanning lines 1 through 21 of the broadcast television signal and 20 fuller discussion of the content of the vertical blanking interval is made in EIA-516 (Joint EIA/CVCC Recommended Practice for Teletext: North American Basic Teletext Specification (NABTS) where discussion of the 525-line 60 fields-per-second includes lines 1 - 21 of 25 the field blanking interval, lines 1-9 of which are not vertical contain they as for data usable standard NABTS synchronization pulses). The possible but not preferable for encoding the data of the present invention as the data rate of 288 bits per 30 line requires a clock rate of 5.727272 MHz which is a clock rate that is too fast to be reliably recorded on consumer VCRs. But the NZR (non return to zero) analog coding of the binary data to be transmitted in the the present of system in the television signal 35 invention as described in the NABTS standard is a useful and preferable analog modulation scheme compared

to other analog modulation schemes such as quadrature phase modulation simply because the cost of recovering is modulation analog binary data from NZR inexpensive relative to recovering the binary data from described As modulation. analog quadrature 5 previously, a lower data rate is selected to provide an optimal data rate or speed that permits reliability in recovering the data from a worst case television signal recording which would include recovering the data from a program recorded on dirty and stretched VCR tape. 10 Moreover the data must be encoded in the remaining lines of the vertical blanking interval to permit That is to say, the data must be reliably cascading. and satellite carried on the various terrestrial and ultimately arrive at the distribution systems 15 subscribers premises intact. In North America, this for example, as that line is eliminates line 21, commonly used for providing closed captioning text to A lower data subscribers for the hearing impaired. rate is specified in the EIA 608 standard which 20 provides 32 bits (4 bytes) per horizontal scanning line capable of a 500 Kilobit per second data rate. 608 data rate and NRZ analog encoding is sufficient to meet the VCR storage requirements of the present system and it has been found that this rate can even be 25 doubled to 1 Megabit per second with very reliable data recovery from consumer quality VCRs.

Once the data rate and VBI line location(s) is/are specified, there can be substitution of the information encoded in the vertical blanking interval in accordance with the system of the present invention to permit national, regional and local addition or substitution of information to suit the marketing needs of the service and goods provider authorizing the placement of dialing information. Thus the encoder 16 of Figure 4 not only encodes the information sought to be inserted into the vertical blanking interval, it must also be

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capable of recovering the data to permit alternate data to be inserted for the purpose of enabling a national broadcast to provide regional or local data content in those receiving areas where such action is required. suitable VBI decoder 93 is manufactured by Norpak Corporation of Kanata, Ontario, Canada.

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The data recovered from the vertical blanking passed onto microprocessor interval processor peripheral control bus 68 and the processor determines what action to take in respect of the 10 received data as will be explained in more detail The microprocessor 66 may respond to subsequently. signaling from VBI decoder 93 by activating the on screen display memory 90 to overlay text information on the video signal thereby alerting the subscriber viewing the TV programming to the fact that automatic 15 dialing and connection to the service being described in the programming being viewed can be had by simply depressing the appropriate button on the hand-held wireless remote control. 20

Referring now to Figure 8, there is shown a highlevel data flow diagram of the process which operates the microprocessor 66 of the CPE unit 14. The process interfaces with the telephone interface 70 and modem 72 via a Modem Manager (PL) which denotes the Physical Layer compliant with the ADSI protocol (TR-NWT-001273, Generic Requirements for and SPCS to Customer Premises Equipment Data Interface for Analog Display Services, Issue 1, Bellcore, December, 1992 pp. 3-1 to 3-3) The Modem Manager transmits and defined by Bellcore. receives data from the modem and passes that data up to the Frame Manager (DLL) which denotes the Datalink layer of the ADSI protocol (TR-NWT-001273, pp. 3-3 to 3-20). The Frame Manager is mandated to process the data in accordance with the Bellcore specification. 35 The Frame Manager in turn exchanges data with the ADSI Manager (MSG.L) which denotes the Message layer of the ADSI protocol (TR-NWT-001273, pp. 3-20 to 3-26). The ADSI manager processes the data in accordance with the Bellcore specification. The Frame Manager (DLL) also exchanges information with the telephone carrier Local Access Transport Area (LATA) Manager which passes information as required to the interface manager.

The VBI Manager is responsible for managing the data flow between the Interface Manager and the VBI On power-up and reset, the Interface decoder 93. Manager instructs the VBI Manager to initialize and 10 perform set-up functions on the VBI decoder 93 to ready it to monitor and receive information contained in the vertical blanking interval of the tuned TV signaling. reacts Manager **VBI** the operation, During microprocessor interrupts produced by the VBI decoder 15 93 to obtain and parse information decoded by the VBI decoder 93 and pass that information on to the Interface Manager as required to affect the on-screen display 90 for example.

The Interface Manager is responsible for the real time processing of the user commands received from the IR interface and acting on those commands to alter the On Screen Display 90, or adjust the TV volume level or audio source by adjusting the E2Pot 54 levels or change the TV channel by issuing commands to the Tuner 64. The Interface Manager will also act on data received from the ADSI Manager and the LATA Manager to alter the On Screen Display 90 or carry out other functions.

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Referring now to Figure 9. there is shown a functional block diagram of a response center being a service provider having a computer server having an interactive voice response capability. Incoming subscriber calls to the response center's server arrive at a channel bank 100 which is a common element of a telephone operating company's central office (CO) 24 of Figure 4. The channel bank 100 is a commonly available piece of central office equipment and is available from

any number of manufacturers such as Northern Telecom or The channel bank 100 places incoming calls onto a T1 trunk where it is forwarded to a digital trunk processor (DTP) 102 and the inbound call is there passed onto the interactive voice response (IVR ) A suitable IVR computer 22b system for processing. computer system 22b can be simply a personal computer with appropriate voice response interface cards and suitable software such as IBM compatible personal computers as are available in the market place or larger scale voice response systems such as an IBM R/S 6000 computer running IBM Direct Talk software and the The user interacts with the computer system by providing DTMF tones to the system as was explained earlier in reference to Figure 2 and the IVR computer system 22b responds back to the user using pre-recorded voice information, or text information forwarded to the in accordance with the ADSI standard. computer system 22b of the response center can be located on telephone company premises or may be located 20 at a service providers premises and attached to the telephone company's PSTN 20 in the customary fashion.

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The processing of Voice response calls by a response center is somewhat similar as the inbound calls from the PSTN are forwarded to an operator that is standing by to take the call which is received by the operator directly or which may be dispatched to a plurality of operators by means of an automatic call distribution center (ACD) (not shown).

Referring now to Figure 10, there is shown a functional block diagram of an encoder which is used to encode and insert the data to be distributed in the The encoder 16 of Figure 4 is television signal. provided with a television signal input port 120 that field-line а to signal television the carries processes the that 121 synchronization circuit television signal and detects the proper time when the

field line(s) that is/are to be encoded is/are present in the television signal input port and thereupon provides a start signal to the data encoder circuit 124 Data encoder line 123. signal over timing commences encoding the data contained in data work area 5 126 upon receipt of the start signal over line 123 to produce an analog modulated signal on its output line 128 that is an analog representation of the data The data signal contained in the data work area 126. on output line 128 is overlaid onto the television 10 altered outputting an modulator 130 by signal television signal that is passed out of the encoder The television signal provided over output port 122. on output port 122 is the television signal that is broadcast which provides the necessary telephone number 15 information that forms the basis for operation of the system of the present invention. The data contained in the data work area 126 is capable of being modified to correspond to the needs of the television programming incorporating the features of the present invention. 20 By way of example, a computer 132 is shown which provides apparatus for operators of the system to communicate with the encoder 16 over a communications line 134 which is conveniently provided as an RS232 commonly communications line serial asynchronous 25 available on computers such as personal computers.

while the invention has been described in terms of the embodiments illustrated, it should be clearly understood that the invention is subject to numerous modifications and mechanical equivalents which do not depart from its scope as defined by the claims appended hereto.

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## CLAIMS

1. Apparatus for automatically connecting a television viewer to an information service via a telephone network, comprising:

a control unit for producing a control signal, said control unit having a viewer actuated button;

decoder means adapted to be connected to a tuned channel of a TV receiver receiving a television signal to be viewed by said viewer for detecting and recovering data encoded in a non-visual part of said television signal;

automatic dialing means for automatically connecting to said network and dialing a telephone number in response to said control signal, said telephone number being based on said recovered data; and

communication means for relaying information between said service and said viewer when connected to said network.

2. Apparatus for automatically connecting a television viewer to an information service via a telephone network, comprising:

a control unit for producing a control signal, said control unit having at least one viewer actuated button;

decoder means adapted to be connected to a tuned channel of a TV receiver receiving a television signal to be viewed by said viewer for continuously detecting and recovering data encoded in a non-visual part of said television signal;

automatic dialing means for automatically connecting to said network and dialing a predetermined telephone number in response to said control signal, said predetermined number being for a data server;

data transmission means for sending data based on said recovered data over said telephone network to said server, said server determining which information service should be connected to over said network based on said data sent, and for establishing further communication with said information service;

communication means for relaying information between said service and said viewer during said further communication.

3. Apparatus for automatically connecting a television viewer to an information service via a telephone network, comprising:

a control unit for producing a control signal, said control unit having at least one viewer actuated button;

means adapted to be connected to a TV receiver receiving a television signal for detecting a program channel viewed by said viewer;

automatic dialing means for automatically connecting to said network and dialing a predetermined telephone number in response to said control signal, said predetermined number being for a data server;

data transmission means for sending data based on said detected channel over said telephone network to said server, said server determining which information service should be connected to over said network based on said data sent, and for establishing further communication with said information service;

communication means for relaying information between said service and said viewer during said further communication.

4. Apparatus for automatically connecting a television viewer to an information service via a telephone network, comprising:

a control unit for producing a control signal, said control unit having at least one viewer actuated button;

means adapted to be connected to a TV receiver receiving a television signal for detecting a program channel viewed by said viewer;

data channel tuning means for tuning to a data channel of said television signal and for detecting and recovering data encoded in a signal of said data channel;

automatic dialing means for automatically connecting to said network and dialing a telephone number in response to said control signal, said telephone number being based on said recovered data; and

communication means for relaying information between said service and said viewer when connected to said network.

- 5. A method for recovery of data in a television signal including the steps of:
- (a) receiving a television signal including dataencoded in a non-visual portion thereof;
- (b) processing the television signal to recover the data encoded therein;
  - (c) storing the recovered data;
- (d) at the indication of a subscriber, placing a telephone call into the telephone network using the recovered data as the dial number of the call to be made.
- 6. A method as claimed in claim 5 wherein storing the recovered data encoded in said television signal occurs periodically to keep the stored data current.
- 7. A method for distribution of data in a television signal including the steps of: